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Commodity	Parts per million
Goats, fat	0.02
Goats, mbyop	0.02
Goats, meat	0.02
Hogs, fat	0.02
Hogs, mbyop	0.02
Hogs, meat	0.02
Horses, fat	0.02
Horses, mbyop	0.02
Horses, meat	0.02
Milk	0.02
Potato	0.1
Potato, waste, dried	1.0
Poultry, fat	0.02
Poultry, mbyop	0.02
Poultry, meat	0.02
Sheep, fat	0.02
Sheep, mbyop	0.02
Sheep, meat	0.02

(2)(i) Tolerances are established for residues of the herbicide diquat (6,7-dihydrodipyrido (1,2-a:2,1-c) pyrazinediium) (calculated as the cation) derived from the application of the dibromide salt to ponds, lakes, reservoirs, marshes, drainage ditches, canals, streams, and rivers which are slow-moving or quiescent in programs of the Corps of Engineers or other Federal or State public agencies and to ponds, lakes and drainage ditches only where there is little or no outflow of water and which are totally under the control of the user, in or on the following food commodities:

Commodity	Parts per million
Avocado	0.02
Cotton, undelinted seed	0.02
Fish	0.1
Fruit, citrus, group	0.02
Fruit, pome, group	0.02
Fruits, small	0.02
Fruit, stone, group	0.02
Grain, crops	0.02
Grass, forage	0.1
Hop, dried cones	0.02
Nut, tree, group	0.02
Shellfish	0.1
Sugarcane, cane	0.02
Vegetable, cucurbit, group	0.02
Vegetable, foliage of legume, group	0.1
Vegetable, fruiting, group	0.02
Vegetables, leafy	0.02
Vegetable, root and tuber, group	0.02
Vegetables, seed and pod	0.02

(ii) Where tolerances are established at higher levels from other uses of diquat on the subject crops, the higher tolerances applies also to residues of the aquatic uses cited in this paragraph.

(3) Tolerances are established for the plant growth regulator diquat [6,7-

dihydrodipyrido (1,2-a:2¼,1¼-c) pyrazinediium] derived from application of the dibromide salt and calculated as the cation in or on the following food commodities:

Commodity	Parts per million
Bananas	0.05
Coffee	0.05

(4) There are no U.S. registrations as of December 6, 1995.

(5) A tolerance of 0.5 part per million is established for residues of diquat in potato, granules/flakes and potato, chips.

(6) A tolerance regulation of 1.0 part per million (ppm) is established for residues of the desiccant diquat [6,7-dihydrodipyrido (1,2-a:2¼,1¼-c) pyrazinediium] derived from application of the dibromide salt and calculated as the cation, in processed, dried potato waste.

(b) Section 18 emergency exemptions. [Reserved]

(c) Tolerances with regional registrations. [Reserved]

(d) Indirect or inadvertent residues. [Reserved]

[65 FR 33709, May 24, 2000]

§ 180.227 Dicamba; tolerances for residues.

(a) General. (1) Tolerances are established for the combined residues of the herbicide dicamba (3,6-dichloro-*o*-anisic acid) and its metabolite 3,6-dichloro-5-hydroxy-*o*- anisic acid in or on the food commodities as follows:

Commodity	Parts per million
Barley, grain	6.0
Barley, hay	2.0
Barley, straw	15.0
Corn, field, forage	3.0
Corn, field, stover	3.0
Corn, fodder	0.5
Corn, forage	0.5
Corn, grain	0.5
Corn, pop, stover	3.0
Cottonseed	5.0
Cottonseed, meal	5.0
Crop Group 17 (grass, forage, fodder and hay).	
Grass, forage	125.0
Grass, hay	200.0
Millet, proso, grain	0.5
Millet, proso, straw	0.5
Oats, forage	80.0
Oats, grain	0.5
Oats, hay	20.0
Oats, straw	0.5

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Commodity	Parts per million
Sorghum, fodder	3.0
Sorghum, forage	3.0
Sorghum, grain	3.0
Sugarcane	0.1
Sugarcane, fodder	0.1
Sugarcane forage	0.1
Sugarcane molasses	2.0
Wheat, forage	80.0
Wheat, grain	2.0
Wheat, hay	20.0
Wheat, straw	30.0

(2) Tolerances are established for the combined residues of the herbicide dicamba (3,6-dichloro-*o*-anisic acid) and its metabolite 3,6-dichloro-2-hydroxybenzoic acid in or on the food commodities as follows:

Commodity	Parts per million
Asparagus	4.0
Cattle, fat	0.2
Cattle, kidney	1.5
Cattle, liver	1.5
Cattle, mbyp	0.2
Cattle, meat	0.2
Goats, fat	0.2
Goats, kidney	1.5
Goats, liver	1.5
Goats, mbyp	0.2
Goats, meat	0.2
Hogs, fat	0.2
Hogs, kidney	1.5
Hogs, liver	1.5
Hogs, mbyp	0.2
Hogs, meat	0.2
Horses, fat	0.2
Horses, kidney	1.5
Horses, liver	1.5
Horses, mbyp	0.2
Horses, meat	0.2
Milk	0.3
Sheep, fat	0.2
Sheep, kidney	1.5
Sheep, liver	1.5
Sheep, mbyp	0.2
Sheep, meat	0.2

(3) Tolerances are established for the combined residues of dicamba (3,6-dichloro-*o*-anisic acid and its metabolites 3,6-dichloro-5-hydroxy-*o*-anisic acid and 3,6-dichloro-2-hydroxybenzoic acid in or on the food commodities as follows:

Commodity	Parts per million
Aspirated grain fractions	5100.0
Soybean, hulls	13.0
Soybean, seed	10.0

(b) *Section 18 emergency exemptions.* [Reserved]

(c) *Tolerances with regional registrations.* [Reserved]

(d) *Indirect or inadvertent residues.* [Reserved]

[65 FR 33709, May 24, 2000]

§ 180.228 S-Ethyl hexahydro-1H-azepine-1-carbothioate; tolerances for residues.

Tolerances are established for negligible residues of the herbicide *S*-ethyl hexahydro-1*H*-azepine-1-carbothioate in or on the raw agricultural commodities rice and rice straw at 0.1 part per million.

§ 180.229 Fluometuron; tolerances for residues.

(a) *General.* A tolerance is established for negligible residues of the herbicide fluometuron (1,1-dimethyl-3-(α,α,α -trifluoro-*m*-tolyl)urea) in or on the following raw agricultural commodity:

Commodity	Parts per million
Cotton, undelinted seed	0.1

(b) *Section 18 emergency exemptions.* [Reserved]

(c) *Tolerances with regional registration.* [Reserved]

(d) *Indirect or inadvertent residues.* [Reserved]

[63 FR 57075, Oct. 26, 1998]

§ 180.230 Diphenamid; tolerances for residues.

Tolerances are established for residues of the herbicide diphenamid (*N,N*-dimethyl-2,2-diphenylacetamide) including its desmethyl metabolite (*N*-methyl-2,2-diphenylacetamide) in or on raw agricultural commodities as follows:

- 2 parts per million in or on peanut hay and forage.
- 1 part per million in or on potatoes and strawberries.
- 0.5 part per million in or on soybean hay and forage.
- 0.2 part per million in or on cotton forage.
- 0.1 part per million (negligible residue) in or on apples, cottonseed, fruiting vegetables, okra, peaches, peanuts, soybeans, and sweet potatoes.
- 0.05 part per million (negligible residue) in meat, fat, and meat byproducts of cattle, goats, hogs, horses, and sheep.
- 0.01 part per million (negligible residue) in milk.